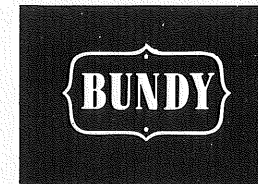
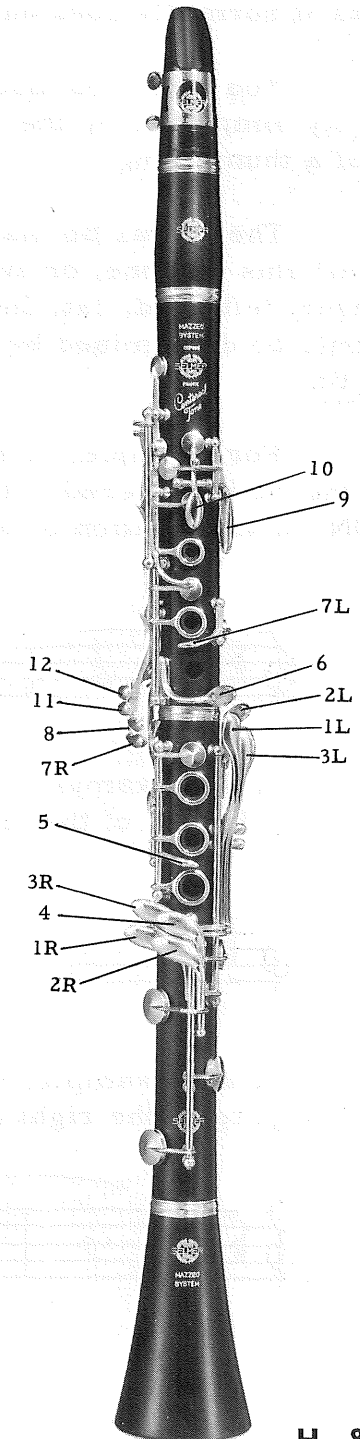


Here are some very simple exercises which will assist you in becoming acquainted with the MAZZEO mechanism:

Selmer

MAZZEO MODEL CLARINET

WHITNEY'S
For all School Music Needs
150 POWELL STREET
SAN FRANCISCO



FINGERING ADVANTAGES OF THE MAZZEO MODEL CLARINET

One of the principal advantages of your new Mazzeo model clarinet is the superior tone-quality possible on the throat Bb. This note, incidentally, is the ONLY ONE which is fingered differently than shown on charts for the ordinary Boehm clarinet.

Another advantage of this model is that the most awkward of four fundamental thumb positions is completely eliminated. It is no longer necessary to use the thumb to operate the register key alone as it normally does on throat Bb.

You will soon discover, too, that covering the thumb hole is greatly simplified by the use of a plateau (covered) thumb key instead of a thumb ring.

The throat Bb may be fingered with the A key (#10 on the diagram) plus any one, or any combination of the following rings: 2nd finger, left hand, 1st, 2nd or 3rd finger right hand. The fingering should be determined by the note which follows or precedes the throat Bb.

For example, in ascending scale-wise motion as in the F scale, the Bb is fingered with the A key and all fingers of the right hand ON, in anticipation of the following note:

In this example, Bb is fingered with the A key and the 1st, 2nd and 3rd fingers of the right hand:

In this example, Bb is fingered with the A key and the 1st and 2nd fingers of the right hand:

In these examples, Bb is fingered with the A key and the first finger of the right hand:

The 2nd finger ring of the left hand will also produce the throat Bb when used in combination with the A key:

Although throat A should normally be fingered in the same way as on a regular Boehm, the Mazzeo model permits a rapid shake from C to A which was virtually impossible on the Boehm. Note that this can be done with minimum motion by fingering C in the usual way and removing only the thumb and 1st finger of the left hand:

The same advantage is evident on rapid changes from B to A. Finger B in the usual way and remove only the thumb and 1st finger of the left hand:

And on C#-A changes, C# is fingered in the usual way and only the thumb and 1st finger of the left hand are removed to produce the A: